

The Population Shuffle

*The latest US Census population estimates
and how they impact our counties*



NYSAC

NEW YORK STATE
ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES

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The New York State Association of Counties is a bipartisan municipal association serving all 62 counties of New York State including the City of New York. Organized in 1925, NYSAC's mission is to represent, educate and advocate for member counties and the thousands of elected and appointed county officials, including county executives, legislators, supervisors, administrators, commissioners and other county employees who deliver essential state and local services to the public.

The Population Shuffle: *The latest US Census population estimates and how they impact our counties*

This publication is part of a series of public policy briefings developed by the New York State Association of Counties on timely issues impacting our local governments.

Foreword

On October 17, 2006, amidst much hoopla and celebration, the United States Bureau of Census estimated that the population of the United States had reached 300 million people. This milestone was achieved a mere 39 years after the population of the United States reached the 200 million mark in 1967.

The Bureau of the Census also released annual estimates of population by state, county and by age, race and sex which receive considerably less attention.

These estimates of population have wide ranging effects on our nation, New York State and all of its counties. The population estimates released by the Census Bureau provide for a grim assessment of the future of this state, if current trends continue.

After almost two decades of stagnant growth, New York is facing the prospect of losing millions of dollars in federal resources, declining influence in our nation's capital because of loss of congressional representation, and the erosion of our leadership status as the Empire State because of the continuing flight of our most precious resource, our children, to other parts of the country.

These population estimates are sobering. They should serve to remind state and local decision-makers of the impacts the important decisions they will make in the months and years ahead will have on the future of our great state.

During the course of this policy brief, we will examine the trends in population growth in New York and provide a look at what potential implications they may have for all New Yorkers.

The Bureau of the Census and its Estimates of US Population

The need for a national census of population takes its roots in the constitution of the United States, where a compromise between large and small states led to the creation of 2 houses of the legislative branch, one based upon equal representation among the states, the Senate and one based upon a state's relative share of population, the House of Representatives.

The Population Shuffle

The Census was established in Article I Section 2 of the United State Constitution, with the requirement that it be conducted every 10 years in the year ending in zero. The first US census of population was conducted in 1790, when a population of 4 million people was counted.

Since this first census in 1790, the Census has become far more complex and comprehensive in its approach. In the late 1960's and early 1970's, the National Governor's Association, the Council of State Governments and other groups began an effort with the US Bureau of the Census to develop a mechanism to estimate the population of the United States, the states and their counties on an annual basis. This effort was believed to be necessary since the decennial census was seen to be inadequate to effectively target federal resources since they were only updated every 10 years.

These efforts resulted in the creation of the Federal State Cooperative for Population Estimates (FSCPE). Under this program, each state designates a state contact to work with the Population Estimates Branch of the US Bureau of the Census to develop the methodology, provide state level data to update the information from the decennial census on a sub state level and to provide technical assistance to local governments in reviewing and correcting the estimates.

In New York State, the Governor has designated the Program on Applied Demographics (PAD) at Cornell University, to serve as the principal contact under this Federal/ State Cooperative Program.

The Population Estimates Branch of the US Census Bureau prepares the initial population estimates by updating population information from the most recent census, in this case 2000, by utilizing information available through federal and state administrative records.

Federal agencies provide tax records, Medicare records and some vital statistics information that is available at the Federal level. State agencies supply vital statistics on births and deaths and information about group quarters like college dormitories or prisons.

This information is then utilized by the Census Bureau and the designated contact agency from each state as the base data that is plugged into statistical models that analyze census and administrative records to estimate the current population by state and county within a state that are consistent with the overall estimate of national population.

The Census Bureau attempts to estimate internal migration, which is movement of people between counties and states within the borders of the United States. It also develops estimates of international migration which estimates immigration into the United States from outside of its borders (both illegal and legal immigration). It also estimates emigration of US residents to countries outside the borders of the US, including the deployment of US military personnel to foreign shores.

This method is not foolproof, so counties and municipalities can contest population estimates if they have evidence that the estimates for their county or municipality are incorrect.

The county estimates of population developed through this program are generally released in the spring of each year (March 22 in 2007) and for municipalities in late spring/early summer for the period from the release of the last decennial census to July 1 of the preceding year. These estimates are utilized to target federal funds to states based upon the relative share of population each year.

Re-districting of Congressional, state legislative districts, and local legislatures which have districts apportioned by equal share of the population, are only affected by the official decennial census, the next one of which will be conducted in 2010.

The population estimates that will be described in this policy brief are for the time period from April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006.

The National Population Estimates

In the Spring of 2007, the United States Bureau of the Census released two reports on the estimates of population this year which will be the subject of this policy brief. On March 22, 2007 the Census Bureau released the annual estimates of US population by State and County for the period April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006. On May 17, 2007 the Census released its estimates of US Population by Age, Race and Sex for the nation and the individual states.

According to the estimates released by the Census Bureau in March of 2007, the nation had a population of 299,398,484 on July 1, 2006. This represents an overall growth rate of 6.4% since the last census in 2000.

States in the West and South exhibited the strongest growth rates with overall growth of 9.7 % and 8.8% respectively. States in the Midwest and Northeast exhibited moderate growth of 2.8 and 2.1 respectively.

The states exhibiting the highest percentage population growth since 2000 were Nevada at 24.9% (+497,272), Arizona 20.2% (+1,035,686), Georgia 14.4% (+1,177,125), Utah 14.2% (+ 316,865) and Idaho 13.3% (+ 172,509).

New York State, in comparison, grew at a rate of 1.7% since 2000, an increase of 329,362, to an estimated population of 19,306,183. According to these estimates, New York State remains the 3rd most populated State in the nation, but its growth in terms of total numbers of people ranks 13th in the nation and its percentage of growth ranks 43rd when compared to the percentage growth rates of other states.

California, the nation's most populous state grew by an estimated 7.6% (+2,585,896) to an estimated population of 36,457,549. Texas the 2nd most populous state grew by 12.7% (+ 2,655,993) to 23,507,783.

Florida currently the 4th ranked state in population in the nation, one behind New York, grew by an estimated 13.2 % (2,107,064) to an estimated 18,089,888 in 2006 just 700,000 people behind New York State.

New York State's Population Estimates

New York State's percentage population growth rate of 1.7%, ranks 43rd in the nation.

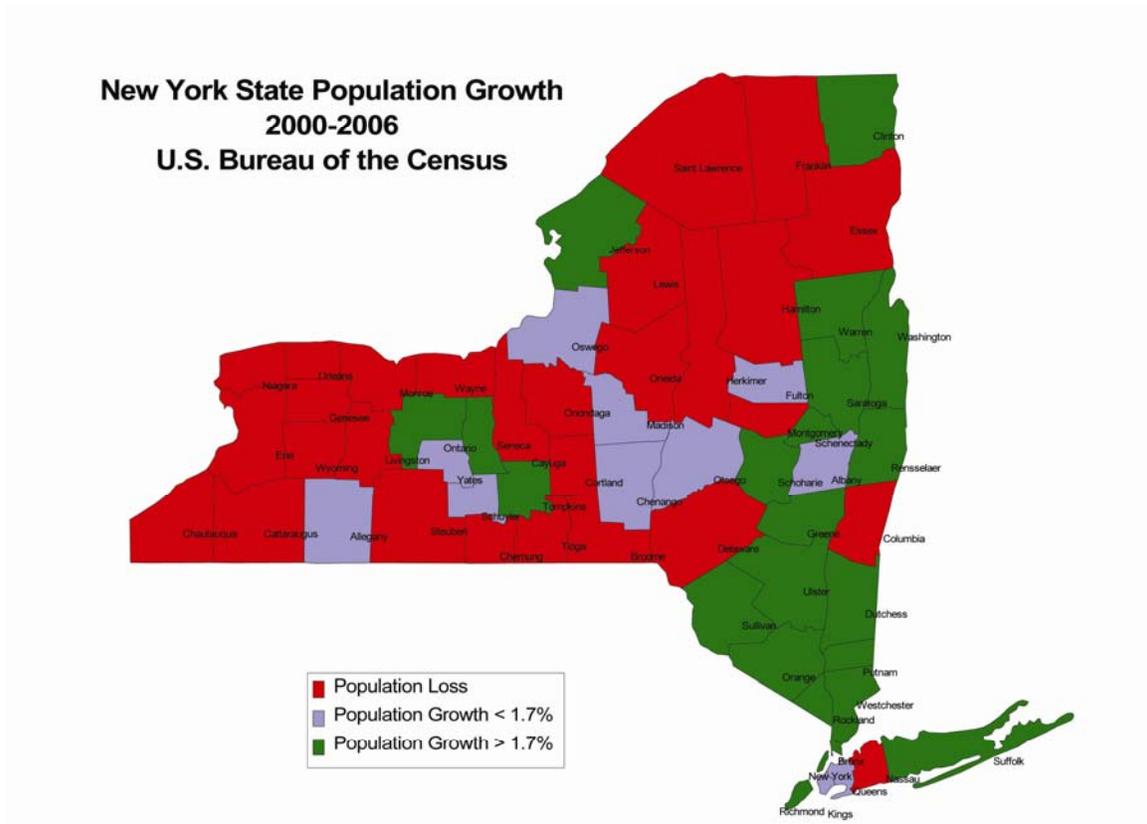
An examination of the population estimates by county show that only 3 counties in New York State exceeded the National rate of 6.4%: Orange (10.3%), Richmond (7.6%) and Saratoga (7.4%).

29 New York Counties lost population since the last census, 28 of which are located in Upstate New York.

10 Counties grew at less than the state's overall rate of 1.7%, 9 of these counties are in Upstate New York.

A total of 39 of New York's 62 counties, (63%) have either lost population or grown less than 1.7 % since 2000. All but 2 of these counties are located in Upstate New York.

Only 23 counties exceeded the overall state growth rate in population of 1.7%.



Population Estimates By Region (Regions established by Empire State Development)

Capital Region +3.02% (Counties of Albany, Columbia, Greene, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Warren and Washington) all but one county (Columbia - 0.2%) experienced growth since the last census for an overall increase of 31,066 people. Saratoga County exhibited the strongest growth at 7.4%

Central New York -0.01% (Counties of Cayuga, Cortland, Madison, Onondaga and Oswego) the region as a whole experienced a decline of an estimated 938 people since 2000. Madison County experienced an estimated growth of 1.1% and Oswego a growth rate of .6% as the only counties not experiencing population loss.

Finger Lakes -0.27% (Counties of Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Seneca, Wayne, Wyoming and Yates) the region lost an estimated 3,256 since the last census. Ontario County (4.1%) Seneca County (4.1%) and Yates (0.5%) were the only counties with a growth in population.

Hudson Valley +4.43% (Counties of Dutchess, Orange, Putnam, Rockland, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester) All of the counties in the region experienced growth, with Orange County experiencing the highest growth rate in the state at 10.3%

Long Island +1.5% (Nassau and Suffolk Counties) Suffolk County experienced growth (3.5%) while Nassau lost population (-0.7%)

Mohawk Valley -0.55% (Counties of Fulton, Hamilton, Herkimer, Montgomery, Oneida and Schoharie) The region lost an estimated 2,447 people during the time period, with only Schoharie (1.9%) and Fulton (0.7%) showing growth in population.

New York City +2.56% (Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond Counties) All New York Boroughs exhibited growth since the last census with Richmond exceeding the overall national rate of growth at 7.6%. Queens (1.2%) was the only county in New York City to grow less than the overall state growth rate of 1.7%.

North Country +0.84% (Counties of Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Jefferson, Lewis and St. Lawrence) Clinton (2.8%) and Jefferson (2.3%) were the only counties to gain population during the period covered by the estimates.

Southern Tier -0.46% (Broome, Chemung, Chenango, Delaware, Otsego, Tioga, Schuyler, Steuben and Tompkins) Tompkins County (4%) exhibited the strongest growth in the region but the region as a whole lost an estimated 3,376 people since the last census.

Western New York -2.7% (Counties of Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie and Niagara) the region suffered significant population loss, losing 39,063 people. Only Allegany County (0.7%) experienced growth in population.

How Will They Effect New York State?

The estimates of population have an immediate effect on New York State. These estimates are utilized, in part, to determine allocation of federal funds to the States in programs whose funding is driven by population growth.

New York's relative growth ranking of 13th in total number and 43rd in percentage growth does not bode well in terms of the state's relative share of a decreasing pool of federal resources. Unless the State is able to reverse its trend of stagnant growth, the State can anticipate losing significant federal resources over the long term.

The population estimates impacts are even more significant when examined as trends leading up to the 2010 census of population. Following the 2000 census, New York State lost 2 congressional seats from 31 seats to its present level of 29.

If current population trends continue, New York could lose at least 2 more congressional seats when the census results for 2010 are tabulated and released. If Florida continues its growth trends exhibited since 2000, and New York continues its current pace, it is conceivable that Florida could surpass New York as the 3rd largest state in the nation.

Census data is utilized by the New York State legislature to determine Congressional, Senate and Assembly districts. The re-districting process will take place in time for the congressional and state legislative elections occurring in 2012.

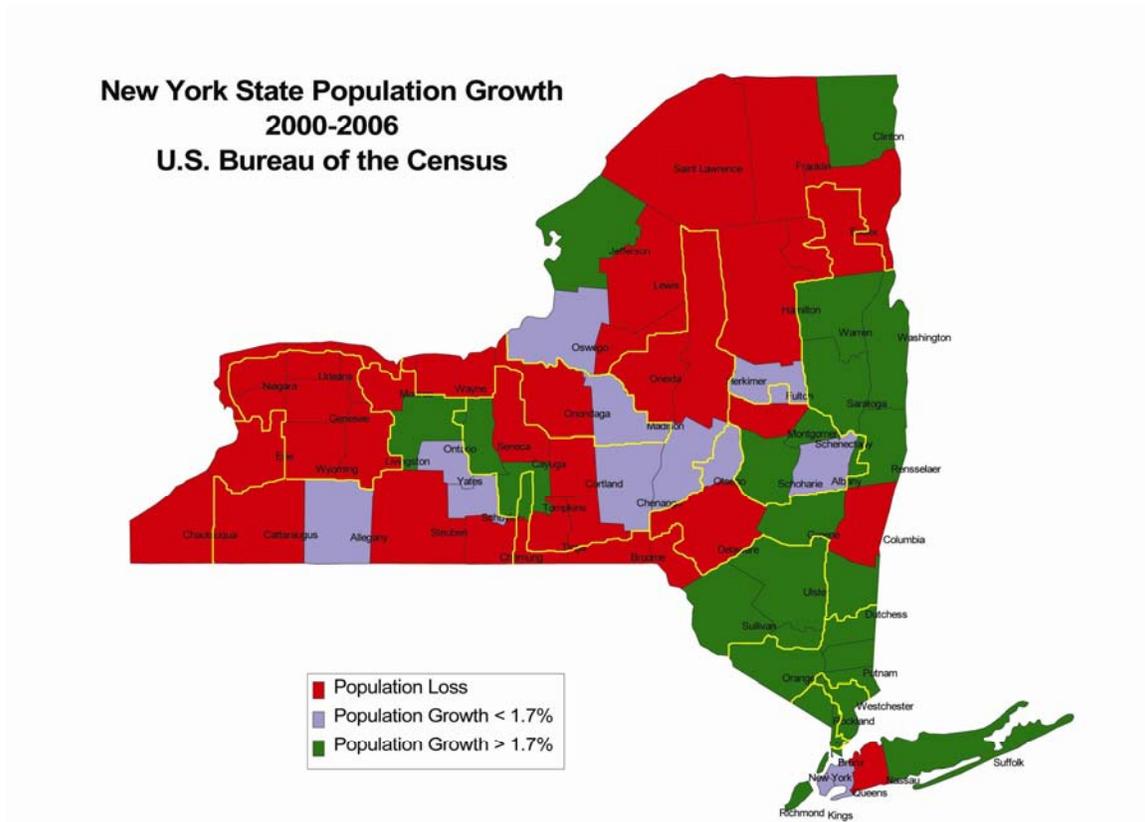
When current congressional district boundaries are placed over a map of New York State showing county population growth patterns, some interesting patterns emerge. Currently, 4 upstate congressional districts are almost totally in areas estimated to have lost population.

It should be noted that this analysis is based on county-wide population estimates. Congressional district boundaries will be drawn based upon census block data after the 2010 census which details population down to the smallest level of census geography, areas with approximately 100 persons.

If current trends continue both in New York and in the nation as a whole, New York will lose 2 additional congressional seats to a number of 27 seats in 2012. In order to meet federal one-person, one-vote requirements, the state legislature will be required to re-draw districts away from areas of population loss, to areas of population gain.

This trend will have a significant impact on upstate New York where 28 counties have lost population since the last census.

The same will hold true for state Assembly and Senate Districts, where upstate districts will have to redrawn to encompass larger geographic areas, to accommodate larger populations in growth areas of the state.



Components of Population Change

One of the reports issued by the Bureau of the Census in March of this year contains its estimates of the factors contributing to changes in populations in New York Counties. This report, *The Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of New York*, details the total population change, changes due to natural increase (births minus deaths) and the Bureau's estimates on net migration.

The net migration numbers take into consideration migration from county to county within the borders of the United States, international immigration of people into the United States (both legal and illegal) and emigration or deployment of troops to areas outside the US borders.

All of these estimates are then adjusted by the Census Bureau, called residuals, to take into consideration trend factors to align these estimates with the overall estimates of the population of the nation. These estimates, and the residuals

attached to them, are generally the grounds counties and municipalities utilize to challenge the census bureau estimates of population.

Even though these estimates are not an exact science, they do in fact give interesting perspectives on what is occurring within New York's counties.

Natural Population Growth

These figures are derived utilizing state and federal birth and death records and estimates the effects birth and death have on the population of individual counties. Since 2000, 13 upstate counties have shown a negative natural change. These counties have had a higher number of deaths since 2000, then births. Generally this is reflective of an older population and loss of younger citizens.

Net Migration

These numbers are the most complex estimates made by the Bureau of the Census. The tables indicate the Census Bureau's estimates of the population of a county after taking into consideration its estimates of people moving from county to county and state to state, people entering the state and county from outside the United States and individuals emigrating overseas or assigned by the military to foreign service.

Several metro New York counties and a few in upstate New York have taken steps to challenge their population estimates with the US Census Bureau. Because these challenges are generally in conflict with the migration numbers estimated by the Census Bureau, we will not examine these estimates in depth here.

These estimates do provide for interesting trends if a simple analysis of these numbers is done. If you simply subtract natural population growth from the population growth estimates, you can obtain a number that gives an indication of net migration for each county. This simple analysis reveals that 37 counties, 30 of which are located in Upstate New York, had a negative net migration (more people leaving than coming in) since 2000.

Although the reasons for this will not be fully apparent until the decennial census and further analysis through the American Community Survey is conducted following its release of the results of the decennial census in 2011, there are some basic assumptions that can be made based upon past trends.

The negative net migration in the New York City and metro area counties is more likely a result of movement to neighboring states like New Jersey and

Connecticut and into counties of the Hudson Valley Region, which are still part of the New York City metro labor market area.

The negative migration from upstate counties is more likely to be migration to other growth areas outside of their immediate labor market area of origin.

Estimates of Population by Age

On May 17th of this year, the Census Bureau released its estimates of population by age race and sex. The estimates released on that date, did not delineate these estimates by county. There are several trends within these statewide population numbers, particularly the estimates of the population by age that show some significantly troubling signs.

These estimates show that New York State is getting older with a median age of 37.3, up from 35.9 in the last census. The nation's median age rose from 35.3 in 2000 to 36.4 in these population estimates. These estimates generally reflect the aging "baby boom" population, but New York's median age does exceed the nation's by almost one year.

Since the last census, New York State has experienced an estimated decline of 407,755 citizens between the ages of 25- 44, from 5,831,622 in 2000 to 5,423,867 (-7%).

Grammar school aged children between the ages of 5 and 13 years of age also showed significant decline as a result, with their numbers declining from 2,425,316 in 2000 to an estimated 2,212,539 in 2006, a loss of 212,777 or an almost -9% decline.

Those individuals between the ages of 45 and 64 years of age increased by 665,266 (15.6%) to 4,906,189 reflecting at least in part, the aging baby boomer population.

Individuals over the age of 65 years of age grew from 2,448,352 to 2,522,686 an increase of slightly over 3%

The changes in age for New York's population can be attributed to a number of factors including aging baby boomer population, out migration of young people to other states, and the return of older former state residents to New York. The census of 2010 and the analysis conducted through the American Community Survey upon its completion will provide detailed information on these demographic changes affecting New York and all other states.

There are two factors, however, that are undeniable. New York State continues to lose young people to other states and its population is continuing to get older.

Preparing for the 2010 Census

The most important work leading up to the 2010 Census is occurring right now. There are 2 things that counties and municipalities can do to prepare for the 2010 census and insure that an accurate count of your population is compiled.

The most immediate issue is determining the accuracy of the population estimates released in March of this year for your county. Counties, in conjunction with local governments within their jurisdictions, should very carefully review the population estimates released by the Bureau of the Census.

Over \$200 Billion in federal resources are distributed based upon these population estimates. Inaccurate estimates of population can affect your county's share of federal resources allocated.

When examining your estimates you should take into consideration your birth and death statistics, changes in residence, building permits issued, new housing conversions, increases in college enrollments in your county, etc., to determine if the Census Bureau's estimates of population for your county are an accurate portrayal of the growth patterns within your county.

Review of this information is very important. According to Empire State Development, a recent survey they conducted indicates that less than 1 in 5 New York communities reported new building permit counts to the Census Bureau, conceivably contributing to underestimates of total county population.

If you believe that your population estimates may be inaccurate, you should contact New York's population estimates liaison:

Dr. Warren Brown
Program on Applied Demographics
Cornell University
607-255-8399
Wab4@cornell.edu

Dr. Brown will assist you in determining if your population estimates can be corrected through a challenge with the US Bureau of the Census. He is currently working with several Metro New York Counties and upstate communities to challenge their population estimates.

Additional information on challenging your county population estimates can also be obtained at <http://www.census.gov/popest/archives/challenges.html>.

The second crucial element to ensuring an accurate county of population is something called the *Local Update of Census Addresses*, commonly referred to as LUCA.

The 2010 Census will be conducted through the mail, so it is important that an accurate listing of addresses for your county is maintained by the Census Bureau. Every county and municipality has experienced great changes since the 2000 census. Counties have seen new housing construction, many have revised addresses to make it easier for E-911 dispatch, new mobile home parks have been established and buildings have been converted from former uses to new residential addresses.

County and local government officials are fully aware of these local changes and are in the best position to identify their affect on your county's population. A review of the Census Master Address File, by local leaders may show that these developments in your county were overlooked, which could result in an undercount for your population in the 2010 census.

In January of this year, the Census Bureau sent a letter to the Chief Elected Official of every county, city, town and village in New York State explaining the LUCA program. An invitation to participate in this address update will be sent in July of this year. Local governments will have 90 days to conduct this review, but its importance cannot be over estimated. Federal funding, congressional representation and eligibility to participate in federal initiatives can all be adversely affected by inaccurate counts of population.

New York State will be taking an aggressive role in promoting an accurate count of the state's population in census 2010. Empire State Development and its State Data Center are taking the lead role for New York in this effort.

For additional information on the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) program, and how to prepare for the 2010 Census, county officials are urged to contact:

Robert Scardamalia
Empire State Development
518-292-5300
NY2010census@empire.state.ny.us
http://www.empire.state.ny.us/nysdc/Census_2010

Appendix I

National & State Population Estimates

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for the United States, Regions, States and Puerto Rico and Region and State Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		National Ranking of States			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
United States	299,398,484	281,424,602	17,973,882	6.4	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Northeast	54,741,353	53,594,784	1,146,569	2.1	4	4	4	4
Midwest	66,217,736	64,395,194	1,822,542	2.8	3	2	3	3
South	109,083,752	100,235,846	8,847,906	8.8	1	1	1	2
West	69,355,643	63,198,778	6,156,865	9.7	2	3	2	1
Alabama	4,599,030	4,447,351	151,679	3.4	23	23	27	34
Alaska	670,053	626,931	43,122	6.9	47	48	42	17
Arizona	6,166,318	5,130,632	1,035,686	20.2	16	20	5	2
Arkansas	2,810,872	2,673,398	137,474	5.1	32	33	28	22
California	36,457,549	33,871,653	2,585,896	7.6	1	1	2	15
Colorado	4,753,377	4,302,015	451,362	10.5	22	24	10	8
Connecticut	3,504,809	3,405,602	99,207	2.9	29	29	32	37
Delaware	853,476	783,600	69,876	8.9	45	45	37	10
District of Columbia	581,530	572,059	9,471	1.7	50	50	49	44
Florida	18,089,888	15,982,824	2,107,064	13.2	4	4	3	6
Georgia	9,363,941	8,186,816	1,177,125	14.4	9	10	4	3
Hawaii	1,285,498	1,211,537	73,961	6.1	42	42	36	20
Idaho	1,466,465	1,293,956	172,509	13.3	39	39	23	5
Illinois	12,831,970	12,419,647	412,323	3.3	5	5	11	36
Indiana	6,313,520	6,080,517	233,003	3.8	15	14	21	28
Iowa	2,982,085	2,926,382	55,703	1.9	30	30	40	41
Kansas	2,764,075	2,688,824	75,251	2.8	33	32	35	38
Kentucky	4,206,074	4,042,285	163,789	4.1	26	25	24	27
Louisiana	4,287,768	4,468,958	-181,190	-4.1	25	22	51	51
Maine	1,321,574	1,274,923	46,651	3.7	40	40	41	31
Maryland	5,615,727	5,296,506	319,221	6.0	19	19	14	21
Massachusetts	6,437,193	6,349,105	88,088	1.4	13	13	33	46
Michigan	10,095,643	9,938,480	157,163	1.6	8	8	26	45
Minnesota	5,167,101	4,919,492	247,609	5.0	21	21	19	23
Mississippi	2,910,540	2,844,656	65,884	2.3	31	31	38	40
Missouri	5,842,713	5,596,683	246,030	4.4	18	17	20	25

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Montana	944,632	902,195	42,437	4.7	44	44	43	24
Nebraska	1,768,331	1,711,265	57,066	3.3	38	38	39	35
Nevada	2,495,529	1,998,257	497,272	24.9	35	35	9	1
New Hampshire	1,314,895	1,235,786	79,109	6.4	41	41	34	18
New Jersey	8,724,560	8,414,347	310,213	3.7	11	9	16	30
New Mexico	1,954,599	1,819,046	135,553	7.5	36	36	29	16
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	3	3	13	43
North Carolina	8,856,505	8,046,491	810,014	10.1	10	11	6	9
North Dakota	635,867	642,200	-6,333	-1.0	48	47	50	50
Ohio	11,478,006	11,353,145	124,861	1.1	7	7	31	48
Oklahoma	3,579,212	3,450,654	128,558	3.7	28	27	30	29
Oregon	3,700,758	3,421,436	279,322	8.2	27	28	18	12
Pennsylvania	12,440,621	12,281,054	159,567	1.3	6	6	25	47
Rhode Island	1,067,610	1,048,319	19,291	1.8	43	43	46	42
South Carolina	4,321,249	4,011,816	309,433	7.7	24	26	17	14
South Dakota	781,919	754,844	27,075	3.6	46	46	44	33
Tennessee	6,038,803	5,689,262	349,541	6.1	17	16	12	19
Texas	23,507,783	20,851,790	2,655,993	12.7	2	2	1	7
Utah	2,550,063	2,233,198	316,865	14.2	34	34	15	4
Vermont	623,908	608,827	15,081	2.5	49	49	47	39
Virginia	7,642,884	7,079,030	563,854	8.0	12	12	7	13
Washington	6,395,798	5,894,140	501,658	8.5	14	15	8	11
West Virginia	1,818,470	1,808,350	10,120	0.6	37	37	48	49
Wisconsin	5,556,506	5,363,715	192,791	3.6	20	18	22	32
Wyoming	515,004	493,782	21,222	4.3	51	51	45	26
Puerto Rico	3,927,776	3,808,603	119,173	3.1	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)

Note: The April 1, 2000 Population Estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population from the Count Question Resolution program and geographic program revisions. (X) Not applicable. See Geographic Terms and Definitions at <http://www.census.gov/popest/geographic/> for a list of the states that are included in each region.

Suggested Citation:

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for the United States, Regions, States and Puerto Rico and Region and State Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006 (NST-EST2006-02)

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: December 22, 2006

Table 2: Annual Estimates of the Population by Age and Sex for New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Sex and Age	Population Estimates							April 1, 2000	
	July 1, 2006	July 1, 2005	July 1, 2004	July 1, 2003	July 1, 2002	July 1, 2001	July 1, 2000	Estimates Base	Census
BOTH SEXES	19,306,183	19,315,721	19,291,526	19,238,252	19,167,600	19,095,604	19,000,135	18,976,821	18,976,457
Under 5 years	1,220,468	1,233,888	1,234,078	1,228,080	1,225,033	1,227,718	1,236,719	1,239,417	1,239,417
5 to 9 years	1,192,659	1,204,947	1,229,374	1,257,038	1,287,100	1,317,483	1,344,135	1,351,857	1,351,857
10 to 14 years	1,285,336	1,316,639	1,347,127	1,362,015	1,362,222	1,352,182	1,335,781	1,332,434	1,332,433
15 to 19 years	1,385,081	1,376,205	1,355,796	1,340,669	1,331,799	1,316,159	1,289,480	1,287,552	1,287,544
20 to 24 years	1,369,897	1,353,305	1,331,486	1,305,499	1,281,898	1,274,109	1,254,467	1,244,318	1,244,309
25 to 29 years	1,266,465	1,255,865	1,255,374	1,257,993	1,255,866	1,263,673	1,298,281	1,304,756	1,304,725
30 to 34 years	1,263,017	1,303,955	1,354,679	1,393,838	1,424,595	1,442,720	1,452,417	1,452,642	1,452,599
35 to 39 years	1,399,522	1,418,995	1,440,940	1,477,667	1,510,095	1,539,413	1,560,505	1,566,124	1,566,083
40 to 44 years	1,494,863	1,523,114	1,540,622	1,537,986	1,535,488	1,530,927	1,511,078	1,508,234	1,508,215
45 to 49 years	1,490,170	1,477,231	1,453,684	1,427,629	1,398,534	1,368,891	1,347,115	1,341,146	1,341,138
50 to 54 years	1,327,713	1,310,208	1,290,204	1,273,671	1,261,754	1,270,860	1,222,870	1,211,808	1,211,798
55 to 59 years	1,205,100	1,162,172	1,109,782	1,063,240	1,030,089	959,800	936,522	932,012	932,008
60 to 64 years	883,206	864,147	846,943	824,179	787,468	768,540	757,880	755,983	755,979
65 to 69 years	691,175	683,691	677,017	666,558	657,701	655,009	656,211	657,609	657,600
70 to 74 years	573,501	576,586	582,342	591,796	602,645	611,254	617,648	618,471	618,446
75 to 79 years	501,578	508,963	512,375	516,582	516,921	515,403	515,167	514,171	514,132
80 to 84 years	384,765	385,578	383,636	373,926	368,531	359,557	349,243	346,724	346,686
85 years and over	371,667	360,232	346,067	339,886	329,861	321,906	314,616	311,563	311,488
Under 18 years	4,514,342	4,565,760	4,600,581	4,628,087	4,649,243	4,666,666	4,683,346	4,690,109	4,690,107
Under 5 years	1,220,468	1,233,888	1,234,078	1,228,080	1,225,033	1,227,718	1,236,719	1,239,417	1,239,417
5 to 13 years	2,212,539	2,249,281	2,296,088	2,350,441	2,385,836	2,411,364	2,421,918	2,425,317	2,425,316
14 to 17 years	1,081,335	1,082,591	1,070,415	1,049,566	1,038,374	1,027,584	1,024,709	1,025,375	1,025,374
18 to 64 years	12,269,155	12,234,911	12,189,508	12,121,417	12,042,698	11,965,809	11,863,904	11,838,174	11,837,998
18 to 24 years	1,939,099	1,919,224	1,897,280	1,865,214	1,838,809	1,820,985	1,777,236	1,765,469	1,765,453
25 to 44 years	5,423,867	5,501,929	5,591,615	5,667,484	5,726,044	5,776,733	5,822,281	5,831,756	5,831,622
45 to 64 years	4,906,189	4,813,758	4,700,613	4,588,719	4,477,845	4,368,091	4,264,387	4,240,949	4,240,923
65 years and over	2,522,686	2,515,050	2,501,437	2,488,748	2,475,659	2,463,129	2,452,885	2,448,538	2,448,352
16 years and over	15,337,069	15,280,751	15,212,917	15,127,675	15,034,937	14,940,196	14,826,214	14,797,647	14,797,284
18 years and over	14,791,841	14,749,961	14,690,945	14,610,165	14,518,357	14,428,938	14,316,789	14,286,712	14,286,350
15 to 44 years	8,178,845	8,231,439	8,278,897	8,313,652	8,339,741	8,367,001	8,366,228	8,363,626	8,363,475
Median age (years)	37.3	37.1	36.9	36.7	36.5	36.2	35.9	35.9	35.9

Table 2: Annual Estimates of the Population by Age and Sex for New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Sex and Age	Population Estimates							April 1, 2000	
	July 1, 2006	July 1, 2005	July 1, 2004	July 1, 2003	July 1, 2002	July 1, 2001	July 1, 2000	Estimates Base	Census
MALE	9,355,020	9,352,351	9,333,218	9,298,908	9,257,018	9,214,727	9,159,708	9,146,945	9,146,748
Under 5 years	624,531	631,624	631,890	628,559	626,539	627,983	632,651	634,081	634,081
5 to 9 years	609,706	616,063	627,932	641,914	657,950	673,355	687,056	691,025	691,025
10 to 14 years	657,621	673,658	690,101	697,974	697,786	692,667	684,434	682,849	682,849
15 to 19 years	707,373	702,813	692,335	685,434	682,215	675,470	662,829	661,624	661,617
20 to 24 years	690,803	684,819	672,830	660,301	646,162	640,079	628,758	623,035	623,029
25 to 29 years	630,719	623,259	622,689	621,643	619,863	622,466	637,416	640,345	640,315
30 to 34 years	627,122	645,104	669,844	688,449	703,172	711,018	715,339	715,344	715,306
35 to 39 years	691,684	700,612	711,464	727,856	742,834	758,184	767,730	770,344	770,307
40 to 44 years	735,396	748,115	756,368	755,046	753,813	750,462	740,251	738,986	738,969
45 to 49 years	729,901	723,110	709,739	695,487	679,506	664,099	652,465	649,537	649,533
50 to 54 years	641,071	631,234	619,687	609,722	603,178	606,752	582,643	577,401	577,392
55 to 59 years	571,245	549,511	522,984	500,661	483,818	449,659	438,596	436,365	436,363
60 to 64 years	408,405	399,333	391,417	380,955	364,320	355,642	350,887	349,826	349,824
65 to 69 years	313,782	310,461	307,505	302,470	297,831	295,954	295,851	296,368	296,363
70 to 74 years	251,516	252,318	253,751	256,608	260,696	263,634	264,880	264,905	264,899
75 to 79 years	206,940	208,732	208,345	208,770	207,565	205,497	204,721	204,171	204,157
80 to 84 years	142,979	142,622	141,317	137,187	134,166	130,048	124,882	123,663	123,657
85 years and over	114,226	108,963	103,020	99,872	95,604	91,758	88,319	87,076	87,062
Under 18 years	2,309,646	2,336,152	2,353,702	2,367,833	2,378,716	2,388,521	2,398,738	2,402,658	2,402,657
Under 5 years	624,531	631,624	631,890	628,559	626,539	627,983	632,651	634,081	634,081
5 to 13 years	1,131,775	1,150,228	1,174,227	1,202,327	1,220,855	1,234,119	1,239,153	1,240,925	1,240,925
14 to 17 years	553,340	554,300	547,585	536,947	531,322	526,419	526,934	527,652	527,651
18 to 64 years	6,015,931	5,993,103	5,965,578	5,926,168	5,882,440	5,839,315	5,782,317	5,768,104	5,767,953
18 to 24 years	980,388	972,825	961,386	946,349	931,936	921,033	896,990	889,956	889,944
25 to 44 years	2,684,921	2,717,090	2,760,365	2,792,994	2,819,682	2,842,130	2,860,736	2,865,019	2,864,897
45 to 64 years	2,350,622	2,303,188	2,243,827	2,186,825	2,130,822	2,076,152	2,024,591	2,013,129	2,013,112
65 years and over	1,029,443	1,023,096	1,013,938	1,004,907	995,862	986,891	978,653	976,183	976,138
16 years and over	7,324,502	7,287,664	7,246,035	7,195,585	7,142,843	7,088,357	7,023,665	7,007,921	7,007,724
18 years and over	7,045,374	7,016,199	6,979,516	6,931,075	6,878,302	6,826,206	6,760,970	6,744,287	6,744,091
15 to 44 years	4,083,097	4,104,722	4,125,530	4,138,729	4,148,059	4,157,679	4,152,323	4,149,678	4,149,543
Median age (years)	35.9	35.7	35.4	35.2	35.0	34.7	34.5	34.5	34.5

Table 2: Annual Estimates of the Population by Age and Sex for New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Sex and Age	Population Estimates							April 1, 2000	
	July 1, 2006	July 1, 2005	July 1, 2004	July 1, 2003	July 1, 2002	July 1, 2001	July 1, 2000	Estimates Base	Census
FEMALE	9,951,163	9,963,370	9,958,308	9,939,344	9,910,582	9,880,877	9,840,427	9,829,876	9,829,709
Under 5 years	595,937	602,264	602,188	599,521	598,494	599,735	604,068	605,336	605,336
5 to 9 years	582,953	588,884	601,442	615,124	629,150	644,128	657,079	660,832	660,832
10 to 14 years	627,715	642,981	657,026	664,041	664,436	659,515	651,347	649,585	649,584
15 to 19 years	677,708	673,392	663,461	655,235	649,584	640,689	626,651	625,928	625,927
20 to 24 years	679,094	668,486	658,656	645,198	635,736	634,030	625,709	621,283	621,280
25 to 29 years	635,746	632,606	632,685	636,350	636,003	641,207	660,865	664,411	664,410
30 to 34 years	635,895	658,851	684,835	705,389	721,423	731,702	737,078	737,298	737,293
35 to 39 years	707,838	718,383	729,476	749,811	767,261	781,229	792,775	795,780	795,776
40 to 44 years	759,467	774,999	784,254	782,940	781,675	780,465	770,827	769,248	769,246
45 to 49 years	760,269	754,121	743,945	732,142	719,028	704,792	694,650	691,609	691,605
50 to 54 years	686,642	678,974	670,517	663,949	658,576	664,108	640,227	634,407	634,406
55 to 59 years	633,855	612,661	586,798	562,579	546,271	510,141	497,926	495,647	495,645
60 to 64 years	474,801	464,814	455,526	443,224	423,148	412,898	406,993	406,157	406,155
65 to 69 years	377,393	373,230	369,512	364,088	359,870	359,055	360,360	361,241	361,237
70 to 74 years	321,985	324,268	328,591	335,188	341,949	347,620	352,768	353,566	353,547
75 to 79 years	294,638	300,231	304,030	307,812	309,356	309,906	310,446	310,000	309,975
80 to 84 years	241,786	242,956	242,319	236,739	234,365	229,509	224,361	223,061	223,029
85 years and over	257,441	251,269	243,047	240,014	234,257	230,148	226,297	224,487	224,426
Under 18 years	2,204,696	2,229,608	2,246,879	2,260,254	2,270,527	2,278,145	2,284,608	2,287,451	2,287,450
Under 5 years	595,937	602,264	602,188	599,521	598,494	599,735	604,068	605,336	605,336
5 to 13 years	1,080,764	1,099,053	1,121,861	1,148,114	1,164,981	1,177,245	1,182,765	1,184,392	1,184,391
14 to 17 years	527,995	528,291	522,830	512,619	507,052	501,165	497,775	497,723	497,723
18 to 64 years	6,253,224	6,241,808	6,223,930	6,195,249	6,160,258	6,126,494	6,081,587	6,070,070	6,070,045
18 to 24 years	958,711	946,399	935,894	918,865	906,873	899,952	880,246	875,513	875,509
25 to 44 years	2,738,946	2,784,839	2,831,250	2,874,490	2,906,362	2,934,603	2,961,545	2,966,737	2,966,725
45 to 64 years	2,555,567	2,510,570	2,456,786	2,401,894	2,347,023	2,291,939	2,239,796	2,227,820	2,227,811
65 years and over	1,493,243	1,491,954	1,487,499	1,483,841	1,479,797	1,476,238	1,474,232	1,472,355	1,472,214
16 years and over	8,012,567	7,993,087	7,966,882	7,932,090	7,892,094	7,851,839	7,802,549	7,789,726	7,789,560
18 years and over	7,746,467	7,733,762	7,711,429	7,679,090	7,640,055	7,602,732	7,555,819	7,542,425	7,542,259
15 to 44 years	4,095,748	4,126,717	4,153,367	4,174,923	4,191,682	4,209,322	4,213,905	4,213,948	4,213,932
Median age (years)	38.8	38.6	38.4	38.1	37.8	37.5	37.2	37.2	37.2

Table 2: Annual Estimates of the Population by Age and Sex for New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Sex and Age	Population Estimates							April 1, 2000	
	July 1, 2006	July 1, 2005	July 1, 2004	July 1, 2003	July 1, 2002	July 1, 2001	July 1, 2000	Estimates Base	Census

Note: The April 1, 2000 Population Estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population from the Count Question Resolution program and geographic program revisions. Median age is calculated based on single year of age.

Suggested Citation:

Table 2: Annual Estimates of the Population by Age and Sex for New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006 (SC-EST2006-02-36)

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: May 17, 2007

Appendix II

New York State Population Estimates by County

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Albany County	297,556	294,570	2,986	1.0	13	13	17	28
Allegany County	50,267	49,927	340	0.7	49	49	32	31
Bronx County	1,361,473	1,332,650	28,823	2.2	5	6	6	21
Broome County	196,269	200,536	-4,267	-2.1	19	19	58	54
Cattaraugus County	81,534	83,955	-2,421	-2.9	34	33	55	59
Cayuga County	81,243	81,963	-720	-0.9	35	34	46	46
Chautauqua County	135,357	139,750	-4,393	-3.1	23	23	59	61
Chemung County	88,641	91,070	-2,429	-2.7	32	32	56	58
Chenango County	51,787	51,401	386	0.8	46	47	30	30
Clinton County	82,166	79,894	2,272	2.8	33	35	23	16
Columbia County	62,955	63,094	-139	-0.2	42	41	36	35
Cortland County	48,483	48,598	-115	-0.2	52	51	35	36
Delaware County	46,977	48,057	-1,080	-2.2	53	53	50	56
Dutchess County	295,146	280,150	14,996	5.4	14	15	9	4
Erie County	921,390	950,265	-28,875	-3.0	8	7	62	60
Essex County	38,649	38,851	-202	-0.5	56	56	39	41
Franklin County	50,968	51,134	-166	-0.3	48	48	38	38
Fulton County	55,435	55,073	362	0.7	45	45	31	32
Genesee County	58,830	60,370	-1,540	-2.6	44	44	53	57
Greene County	49,822	48,195	1,627	3.4	50	52	24	14
Hamilton County	5,162	5,379	-217	-4.0	62	62	40	62
Herkimer County	63,332	64,437	-1,105	-1.7	41	38	51	52
Jefferson County	114,264	111,738	2,526	2.3	25	26	21	20
Kings County	2,508,820	2,465,525	43,295	1.8	1	1	3	24
Lewis County	26,685	26,944	-259	-1.0	59	59	41	48
Livingston County	64,173	64,328	-155	-0.2	39	39	37	37
Madison County	70,197	69,441	756	1.1	37	37	27	27
Monroe County	730,807	735,343	-4,536	-0.6	9	9	60	43
Montgomery County	49,112	49,708	-596	-1.2	51	50	44	50
Nassau County	1,325,662	1,334,539	-8,877	-0.7	6	5	61	45
New York County	1,611,581	1,537,372	74,209	4.8	3	3	1	6

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
Niagara County	216,130	219,844	-3,714	-1.7	17	17	57	51
Oneida County	233,954	235,459	-1,505	-0.6	16	16	52	44
Onondaga County	456,777	458,336	-1,559	-0.3	11	10	54	39
Ontario County	104,353	100,224	4,129	4.1	27	27	14	9
Orange County	376,392	341,367	35,025	10.3	12	12	4	1
Orleans County	43,213	44,173	-960	-2.2	54	54	49	55
Oswego County	123,077	122,377	700	0.6	24	24	28	33
Otsego County	62,583	61,676	907	1.5	43	42	26	25
Putnam County	100,603	95,843	4,760	5.0	28	30	13	5
Queens County	2,255,175	2,229,401	25,774	1.2	2	2	8	26
Rensselaer County	155,292	152,538	2,754	1.8	21	21	19	23
Richmond County	477,377	443,728	33,649	7.6	10	11	5	2
Rockland County	294,965	286,753	8,212	2.9	15	14	11	15
St. Lawrence County	111,284	111,919	-635	-0.6	26	25	45	42
Saratoga County	215,473	200,635	14,838	7.4	18	18	10	3
Schenectady County	150,440	146,550	3,890	2.7	22	22	16	19
Schoharie County	32,196	31,582	614	1.9	58	58	29	22
Schuyler County	19,415	19,224	191	1.0	61	61	33	29
Seneca County	34,724	33,342	1,382	4.1	57	57	25	8
Steuben County	98,236	98,726	-490	-0.5	30	28	42	40
Suffolk County	1,469,715	1,419,352	50,363	3.5	4	4	2	12
Sullivan County	76,588	73,964	2,624	3.5	36	36	20	13
Tioga County	51,285	51,784	-499	-1.0	47	46	43	49
Tompkins County	100,407	96,502	3,905	4.0	29	29	15	10
Ulster County	182,742	177,749	4,993	2.8	20	20	12	18
Warren County	66,087	63,303	2,784	4.4	38	40	18	7
Washington County	63,368	61,042	2,326	3.8	40	43	22	11
Wayne County	92,889	93,765	-876	-0.9	31	31	48	47
Westchester County	949,355	923,361	25,994	2.8	7	8	7	17
Wyoming County	42,613	43,424	-811	-1.9	55	55	47	53
Yates County	24,732	24,621	111	0.5	60	60	34	34

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

Suggested Citation:

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006 (CO-EST2006-02-36)

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: March 22, 2007

Table 4: Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Total Population Change*	Natural Increase			Net Migration		
		Total	Births	Deaths	Total	Net International Migration	Net Internal Migration
New York	329,362	601,779	1,576,125	974,346	-422,481	820,388	-1,242,869
Albany County	2,986	1,963	19,780	17,817	2,139	4,402	-2,263
Allegany County	340	406	3,390	2,984	155	297	-142
Bronx County	28,823	78,303	140,902	62,599	-63,404	85,005	-148,409
Broome County	-4,267	-277	12,962	13,239	-3,385	2,486	-5,871
Cattaraugus County	-2,421	720	6,100	5,380	-2,720	111	-2,831
Cayuga County	-720	843	5,368	4,525	-1,293	220	-1,513
Chautauqua County	-4,393	20	9,334	9,314	-3,902	437	-4,339
Chemung County	-2,429	741	6,519	5,778	-2,853	347	-3,200
Chenango County	386	-26	3,405	3,431	568	61	507
Clinton County	2,272	735	4,771	4,036	1,715	467	1,248
Columbia County	-139	-656	3,763	4,419	735	396	339
Cortland County	-115	596	3,312	2,716	-577	220	-797
Delaware County	-1,080	-674	2,703	3,377	-234	103	-337
Dutchess County	14,996	6,005	20,147	14,142	9,983	4,835	5,148
Erie County	-28,875	3,533	65,809	62,276	-29,170	8,526	-37,696
Essex County	-202	-347	2,271	2,618	227	122	105
Franklin County	-166	305	3,046	2,741	-368	128	-496
Fulton County	362	-66	3,634	3,700	597	201	396
Genesee County	-1,540	518	4,063	3,545	-1,860	213	-2,073
Greene County	1,627	-624	2,759	3,383	2,321	210	2,111
Hamilton County	-217	-145	266	411	-52	-	-52
Herkimer County	-1,105	-250	4,305	4,555	-647	114	-761
Jefferson County	2,526	4,347	9,949	5,602	-8,399	-599	-7,800
Kings County	43,295	136,168	248,737	112,569	-154,555	197,175	-351,730
Lewis County	-259	511	1,908	1,397	-696	-5	-691
Livingston County	-155	920	3,988	3,068	-923	192	-1,115
Madison County	756	872	4,565	3,693	97	316	-219
Monroe County	-4,536	15,610	55,220	39,610	-14,653	12,424	-27,077
Montgomery County	-596	-252	3,714	3,966	-186	112	-298
Nassau County	-8,877	30,672	100,181	69,509	-34,698	32,518	-67,216
New York County	74,209	57,481	127,349	69,868	-24,885	111,695	-136,580
Niagara County	-3,714	286	14,922	14,636	-3,225	1,079	-4,304
Oneida County	-1,505	-43	15,928	15,971	-885	5,124	-6,009

Table 4: Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Total Population Change*	Natural Increase			Net Migration		
		Total	Births	Deaths	Total	Net International Migration	Net Internal Migration
Onondaga County	-1,559	10,052	35,435	25,383	-10,695	6,843	-17,538
Ontario County	4,129	1,093	6,956	5,863	3,281	453	2,828
Orange County	35,025	16,283	32,121	15,838	19,573	4,863	14,710
Orleans County	-960	547	2,947	2,400	-1,401	175	-1,576
Oswego County	700	2,122	8,673	6,551	-1,057	247	-1,304
Otsego County	907	-296	3,443	3,739	1,374	117	1,257
Putnam County	4,760	3,553	7,325	3,772	1,522	1,544	-22
Queens County	25,774	94,770	192,602	97,832	-116,059	223,529	-339,588
Rensselaer County	2,754	1,574	10,810	9,236	1,756	1,725	31
Richmond County	33,649	14,071	36,571	22,500	9,977	12,944	-2,967
Rockland County	8,212	16,023	28,862	12,839	-8,397	10,222	-18,619
St. Lawrence County	-635	1,014	7,623	6,609	-1,216	736	-1,952
Saratoga County	14,838	5,846	15,194	9,348	9,691	867	8,824
Schenectady County	3,890	1,354	11,144	9,790	3,068	1,602	1,466
Schoharie County	614	-7	1,857	1,864	719	43	676
Schuyler County	191	93	1,230	1,137	160	11	149
Seneca County	1,382	212	2,241	2,029	1,257	183	1,074
Steuben County	-490	630	7,103	6,473	-828	317	-1,145
Suffolk County	50,363	53,018	124,219	71,201	2,409	29,860	-27,451
Sullivan County	2,624	774	5,321	4,547	2,333	845	1,488
Tioga County	-499	1,101	3,691	2,590	-1,427	131	-1,558
Tompkins County	3,905	1,916	5,586	3,670	2,396	5,302	-2,906
Ulster County	4,993	1,450	11,316	9,866	4,071	1,492	2,579
Warren County	2,784	272	3,991	3,719	2,687	238	2,449
Washington County	2,326	243	3,954	3,711	2,271	133	2,138
Wayne County	-876	1,884	7,001	5,117	-2,203	227	-2,430
Westchester County	25,994	33,235	79,304	46,069	-11,584	46,650	-58,234
Wyoming County	-811	406	2,698	2,292	-1,091	75	-1,166
Yates County	111	351	1,837	1,486	-35	82	-117

*Total population change includes residual - see "State and County Terms & Definitions"

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero.

Suggested Citation:

Table 4: Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Total Population Change*	Natural Increase			Net Migration		
		Total	Births	Deaths	Total	Net International Migration	Net Internal Migration

Table 4: Cumulative Estimates of the Components of Population Change for Counties of New York: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006 (CO-EST2006-04-36)

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: March 22, 2007

Appendix III
Population Estimates by Region

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Albany County	297,556	294,570	2,986	1.0	13	13	17	28
Columbia County	62,955	63,094	-139	-0.2	42	41	36	35
Greene County	49,822	48,195	1,627	3.4	50	52	24	14
Rensselaer County	155,292	152,538	2,754	1.8	21	21	19	23
Saratoga County	215,473	200,635	14,838	7.4	18	18	10	3
Schenectady County	150,440	146,550	3,890	2.7	22	22	16	19
Warren County	66,087	63,303	2,784	4.4	38	40	18	7
Washington County	63,368	61,042	2,326	3.8	40	43	22	11
	1,060,993	1,029,927	31,066	3.0				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

Suggested Citation:

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006 (CO-EST2006-02-36)

Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: March 22, 2007

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Cayuga County	81,243	81,963	-720	-0.9	35	34	46	46
Cortland County	48,483	48,598	-115	-0.2	52	51	35	36
Madison County	70,197	69,441	756	1.1	37	37	27	27
Onondaga County	456,777	458,336	-1,559	-0.3	11	10	54	39
Oswego County	123,077	122,377	700	0.6	24	24	28	33
	779,777	780,715	-938	0.0				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

Suggested Citation:

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Source: Population Division, U.S. Census Bureau

Release Date: March 22, 2007

Table 2: Cumulative Estimates of Population Change for Counties of New York and County Rankings: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2006

Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Genesee County	58,830	60,370	-1,540	-2.6	44	44	53	57
Livingston County	64,173	64,328	-155	-0.2	39	39	37	37
Monroe County	730,807	735,343	-4,536	-0.6	9	9	60	43
Ontario County	104,353	100,224	4,129	4.1	27	27	14	9
Orleans County	43,213	44,173	-960	-2.2	54	54	49	55
Seneca County	34,724	33,342	1,382	4.1	57	57	25	8
Wayne County	92,889	93,765	-876	-0.9	31	31	48	47
Wyoming County	42,613	43,424	-811	-1.9	55	55	47	53
Yates County	24,732	24,621	111	0.5	60	60	34	34
	1,196,334	1,199,590	-3,256	-0.3				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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Release Date: March 22, 2007

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Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Dutchess County	295,146	280,150	14,996	5.4	14	15	9	4
Orange County	376,392	341,367	35,025	10.3	12	12	4	1
Putnam County	100,603	95,843	4,760	5.0	28	30	13	5
Rockland County	294,965	286,753	8,212	2.9	15	14	11	15
Sullivan County	76,588	73,964	2,624	3.5	36	36	20	13
Ulster County	182,742	177,749	4,993	2.8	20	20	12	18
Westchester County	949,355	923,361	25,994	2.8	7	8	7	17
	2,275,791	2,179,187	96,604	4.4				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Nassau County	1,325,662	1,334,539	-8,877	-0.7	6	5	61	45
Suffolk County	1,469,715	1,419,352	50,363	3.5	4	4	2	12
	2,795,377	2,753,891	41,486	1.5				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

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	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Fulton County	55,435	55,073	362	0.7	45	45	31	32
Hamilton County	5,162	5,379	-217	-4.0	62	62	40	62
Herkimer County	63,332	64,437	-1,105	-1.7	41	38	51	52
Montgomery County	49,112	49,708	-596	-1.2	51	50	44	50
Oneida County	233,954	235,459	-1,505	-0.6	16	16	52	44
Schoharie County	32,196	31,582	614	1.9	58	58	29	22
	439,191	441,638	-2,447	-0.6				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Bronx County	1,361,473	1,332,650	28,823	2.2	5	6	6	21
Kings County	2,508,820	2,465,525	43,295	1.8	1	1	3	24
New York County	1,611,581	1,537,372	74,209	4.8	3	3	1	6
Queens County	2,255,175	2,229,401	25,774	1.2	2	2	8	26
Richmond County	477,377	443,728	33,649	7.6	10	11	5	2
	8,214,426	8,008,676	205,750	2.6				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Clinton County	82,166	79,894	2,272	2.8	33	35	23	16
Essex County	38,649	38,851	-202	-0.5	56	56	39	41
Franklin County	50,968	51,134	-166	-0.3	48	48	38	38
Jefferson County	114,264	111,738	2,526	2.3	25	26	21	20
Lewis County	26,685	26,944	-259	-1.0	59	59	41	48
St. Lawrence County	111,284	111,919	-635	-0.6	26	25	45	42
	424,016	420,480	3,536	0.8				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Broome County	196,269	200,536	-4,267	-2.1	19	19	58	54
Chemung County	88,641	91,070	-2,429	-2.7	32	32	56	58
Chenango County	51,787	51,401	386	0.8	46	47	30	30
Delaware County	46,977	48,057	-1,080	-2.2	53	53	50	56
Otsego County	62,583	61,676	907	1.5	43	42	26	25
Schuyler County	19,415	19,224	191	1.0	61	61	33	29
Steuben County	98,236	98,726	-490	-0.5	30	28	42	40
Tioga County	51,285	51,784	-499	-1.0	47	46	43	49
Tompkins County	100,407	96,502	3,905	4.0	29	29	15	10
	715,600	718,976	-3,376	-0.5				

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Geographic Area	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006		State Ranking of Counties			
	July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent	Population Estimates		Change, 2000 to 2006	
					July 1, 2006	April 1, 2000 Estimates Base	Number	Percent
New York	19,306,183	18,976,821	329,362	1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Allegany County	50,267	49,927	340	0.7	49	49	32	31
Cattaraugus County	81,534	83,955	-2,421	-2.9	34	33	55	59
Chautauqua County	135,357	139,750	-4,393	-3.1	23	23	59	61
Erie County	921,390	950,265	-28,875	-3.0	8	7	62	60
Niagara County	216,130	219,844	-3,714	-1.7	17	17	57	51
	1,404,678	1,443,741	-39,063	-2.7				

Note: The April 1, 2000 estimates base reflects changes to the Census 2000 population resulting from legal boundary updates as of January 1 of the estimates year, other geographic program changes, and Count Question Resolution actions. All geographic boundaries for the July 1, 2006 population estimates series are defined as of January 1, 2006. Dash (-) represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable

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